

No. R. 4077—Agri. 96-08-2, dated 22nd December. 1908.

The accompanying Resolution No. 10062-10082-13, dated the 3rd November 1908, of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry regarding the International Exhibition of Industries and Labour to be held at Turin in the year 1911 is herewith published for general information.

By Order,

K. S. CHANDRASEKHARA AIYAR,
Secy. to Govt., Gen. & Rev. Depts.

No. 10062-10082—13.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

COMMERCIAL EXHIBITIONS.

RESOLUTION.

Dated Simla, the 3rd November 1908.

The following papers relative to the Exhibition which will be held at Turin in the year 1911 are published for general information.

TURIN INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION

OF INDUSTRIES AND LABOUR.

April—October 1911.

GENERAL REGULATIONS.

The Exhibition of Industries and Labour which will take place on the occasion of the Fiftieth Anniversary of the proclamation of the Kingdom of Italy, in conformity with the Statute approved by a Royal Decree dated May 28th 1907, will be opened in Turin in the month of April and closed in October 1911. Dates and formalities to be established by the General Committee, which may, if necessary, postpone the date of definitive closure.

Foreigners and all Industrial and Commercial Firms of all Nations are cordially invited to participate. Thus the Exhibition will result thoroughly International.

2. The organization and management of the Turin International Exhibition (with the exception of the particular powers of the General Committee) will depend from the Executive Committee, assisted by other special Committees elected by the Executive, and which will be composed of persons who, by their experience and authority, are able to afford the Executive useful and efficacious assistance in its work.

3. Whilst Rome reserves to herself the privilege of holding a Grand International Exhibition of Arts and Archaeology, the City of Turin will exhibit in specially erected buildings the products of Agricultural and Industrial Labour (the due classification and distribution in their respective departments to be finally arranged latter on) and in general everything connected with economic and civil life in relation to—

(a) The Protection and Assistance of Children—Their Education and Training—Schools, Practical Factories and Laboratories—Outdoor and indoor Sports;

(b) Instruments, Apparatuses and general Processes for scientific productions—Printing—Photography—Book Printing and Binding—Geographical and Cosmographic Maps and Instruments—Instruments of precision—Meteorology;

(c) General Mechanics—Engines, Hydraulic Machines—Steam and Explosion Motors—Gears—Instruments and Tool-machines for working Wood, Iron, etc.;

(d) Electricity—Electrotechnics—Electro-chemistry—Telegraphy—Telephony;

(e) Conveyances—Ordinary Roads—Railroads—Overhead electric cable Locomotion—Marine and fluvial Navigation—Aerial Navigation—Postal Service—Bridges and Streets—Tunnels, Canals, Harbours, etc.;

(f) Sporting Industries and Sports;